

$\{1\}, \{1,2\}, \{1,3,2,3\}, \{2,4\}, \text{quicksort}(\{3,2,5,4\})$

$Q = 33$ $A_1 = \{25\}$ $A_2 = \{33\}$ $A_3 = \{45\}$

$\{11, 12\}, \{13, 23\}, \{24\}, \{25\}, \{33\}, \{45\}$

ESERCIZIO 3° - 2° parte

$j = m$

for ($i = 1; i < j; i++$)

if ($A[i] \geq 0$)

tmp = $A[i]$

$A[i] = A[j]$

$A[j] = \text{tmp}$

$j--;$

$i--;$

ESERCIZIO 4° - 2° parte

MERGE($A[1..N]$)

if $N = 1$ then return A

$A_1 \leftarrow \text{MERGE}(A[1..n/2])$

$A_2 \leftarrow \text{MERGE}(A[n/2+1..n])$

return MERGE(A_1, A_2)

$$T(n) = \begin{cases} 1 & \text{se } n=1 \\ 2T(n/2) + \Theta(\sqrt{n}) \end{cases}$$

~~2T(n/2)~~

$$2T(n/2) + n^{1/2}$$

$2 \geq e^k$

$$T(n) = \Theta\left(\frac{\log n}{n}\right) = \Theta(n^{\log_2 2}) = \Theta(n)$$